

CUSTOM TRANSLATION

GDA

CHEMISTRYCALCULATED AND EXPERIMENTAL PHASE DIAGRAMS OF THE SIMPLEST BINARY SYSTEMS  
(E/T)

Ya. E. Geguzin and B. Ya. Pines

Physico-Technical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian  
SSR, Khar'kov

(Presented by Academician G. G. Urazov, September 26, 1950)

Translated from Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, Vol. 75, No. 3, pp. 387-390,  
November, 1950

Original article submitted June 26, 1950

The position of the curves representing the decomposition of solutions on the phase diagrams of binary systems may be calculated <sup>/1-4/</sup> from ~~the~~ : a) ~~by~~ the melting points  $T_A$  and  $T_B$  of the pure components, ~~and~~ b) ~~by~~ their heats of fusion  $Q_A$  and  $Q_B$ , and ~~also~~ also c) from the value of the so-called energies of mixing in different phases ( $U_O^I$  in the liquid,  $U_O^{II}$  ~~in the~~,  $U_O^{III}$ , etc. in the solid phases). Theory has as yet only been compared with experiment /4/ for four binary systems having diagrams of the same type, <sup>viz. diagrams</sup> with a eutectic point and ~~with~~ complete insolubility in the solid phases. In this paper we present a comparison with twenty experimental diagrams of three different types.

1. Diagram of the "Cigar" Type. The conditions for the formation of this type of diagram, according to calculation, are the following :

- a) The system should be two-phase (both components ~~in the solid~~)